

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 278: 1039-1044.

1. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.

Figure 1. A schematic diagram of the experimental design. The subjects were divided into two groups: the control group and the experimental group. The control group received a standard diet and water, while the experimental group received a diet supplemented with 0.5% of the test substance. The subjects were monitored for 14 days, and the results were compared between the two groups.

NI archive

Official Paper of the City.

Financial Affairs at the South.

A correspondent of the New York World writing from Baltimore says that the disunion outcry has been got up to cover up the bankruptcy of the south. It has long been known in financial circles that the cotton and sugar states have been overtrading, and that a crisis in their money affairs was impending. They have been prosperous for a few years past. Their products have been abundant and have sold for a high price; and, like the northwest, in 1857, they have launched into all kinds of extravagances in living, and in the purchase of lands and stock plantations. If there had been no secession talked of their banks and business men would have been hard pressed; but putting both causes together nothing can now save them from bankruptcy. Hence their loud talk about dissolving the union is a pretext for not paying their debts. Their banks and business men will not pay, and this, to a certain extent, will affect the north and the west. In the northern and eastern cities, there are merchants and manufacturers who have preferred the southern trade, and have identified themselves in the late political campaign with the fusion movement, to defeat Mr. Lincoln. They are the principal sufferers by the present financial revulsion in the south, and will receive very little sympathy from any quarter.

In the west, some of our banks have given on southern stocks as securities for their circulating notes. This is limited, however, almost entirely to Missouri and Virginia stocks—states which are not included among those who have overtraded. Missouri, especially, has been following in the wake of the northwestern states, and has steadily improved her condition by restricting her trade with the east, and by the sale of her slaves to the farther south. The stocks of that state are, therefore, better to day than at any time within the last five years, because her wealth is greater and her indebtedness is less.

It is evident that the disturbance in the money market of the south can have but a limited influence in the north and west, where there has been a curtailment of indebtedness. In the northwest we have an overflowing amount of produce going forward to pay indebtedness, while the northern and eastern cities are receiving gold and silver from California and Europe. There is no drain of the precious metals there, and there is none here. Our exchange rates high here, simply because currency is too abundant, and because some of it is of the wild order. That is the whole cause of the trouble here, and the howl about disunion has nothing to do with it. Neither has the price of wheat been affected by this cause; wheat is lower now because navigation is about closing and what is bought hereafter must go all the way by rail to New York city.

THE OHIO STATE GUARD PROFFER THEIR SERVICES FOR THE FOURTH OF MARCH.—The Cincinnati Gazette has information from Athens, Ohio, that at an informal meeting of the commissioned officers of the Ohio state guard and Athens light artillery, held at the armory, on Thursday last, was unanimously agreed to tender to Abraham Lincoln any assistance necessary to insure his inauguration as President on the fourth of March. The Albany (N. Y.) Burgessee corps have also resolved to visit Washington on that occasion.

A Lincoln voter at Fairfax court house, Va., was seized by a mob, on election day, carried into the woods, completely blacked with printer's ink, and then mounted on his horse for home. They thought it a capital joke to make a "Black Republican" of the man, but they may find that their outrage has made a dozen white republicans who will appear at the next election.

THE EFFECT.—At Ocoquan, Prince William county, Virginia, where a few months ago some hot-headed fellows cut down a republican flag-staff, Lincoln received 55 votes on Tuesday, Bell 48, Breckinridge 51, and Douglas 1.

HOW THE PRESIDENT IS ELECTED.—The successive steps in the election of president and vice-president of the United States are taken, according to existing laws, at the following dates:

1. By the act of congress of 1845 the electors for president and vice-president of the United States are appointed in each state on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.
2. By the act of 1829 these electors are to meet on the first Wednesday in December, after, in their respective states, to cast their votes.
3. These votes, when cast, are to be certified by the electors and sealed up and sent to the president of the senate.
4. On the second Wednesday in February after, the sealed certificates of the electors are to be broken open and the votes counted, and the result declared in the presence of congress.

FOR SALT RIVER.—The Dug-out, chartered by the fusionists, starts to-morrow for the heart of Salt River. The cabin boy was sent with \$25 this morning to buy the "small stores." He returned while the captain and mate were in the cabin taking a "smile," and the following colloquy took place:

Box—Well, Captain, I've come on board with the "small stores."

CAPTAIN—What have you bought?

Box—Spent twenty dollars for whiskey and one dollar for bread.

CAPTAIN—Thunder! What are you going to do with so much bread?—*Albany Journal, Friday.*

NEGROES—FALL IN PRICE.—The following negroes were sold at the court house door on last Tuesday: A boy 28 years old brought \$553; a boy five years old \$355; a woman 53 years old \$345; a woman and 3 children \$1,710.—*Washington (Ga.) Independent.*

PUNON'S MENTAL PHILOSOPHY.—What is mind? No matter. What is matter? No matter. What is the nature of the soul? It is immaterial.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

Snow fell quite profusely in London, Canada, on Tuesday last.

Americans are at a premium in Italy.—They meet with the most partial consideration by Garibaldi.

As the loser in a bet on the result of the election, Mr. W. A. Pearce, of Portland, Maine, a day or two ago, peddled forty bushels of charcoal through the streets of that city. He created great merriment by clearing his throat with the juice from a lemon, in imitation of his leader, Mr. Douglas.

Mrs. Stephen A. Douglas was so seriously hurt by the giving way of the deck of the steamer Virginia, at Montgomery, Alabama, that she had to remain for several days at the house of Col. Seibels, editor of the Confederation.

On Wednesday evening of last week, in Fayette county, Iowa, a daughter of Mr. Jacob Hoover poisoned herself by taking strychnine for what she supposed to be soda. Her age was about seventeen years.

The diphtheria has appeared in Terre Haute, Indiana, in a very malignant form.

The Warren (O.) Chronicle says:—"We visited the Hoxie & Wilson oil well at Mecca, on Saturday. We saw the oil, (which was the product of eight hours' pumping,) measured in a vat, and it was found to be twenty-four barrels, of 40 gallons each, and a fraction; it being at the rate of 3 barrels an hour, or 72 barrels per day. As the oil sells at the well for 25 cents per gallon, at this rate the income of the well would be \$720 per day. This is as profitable as publishing a country newspaper."

AN OVERT ACT.—It is understood now what the chivalry meant by an overt act. It is to pelt a distinguished statesman and his lady with rotten eggs.

FRUITS OF THE SECESSION EXCITEMENT.—The Augusta (Georgia) Dispatch says:—"An insurrectionary plot was discovered on Tuesday morning among the negroes on the plantations of W. C. Cleveland, Harp, Simmons, Davison, Johnson and others, in Crawford county. A. V. Dreer and Cullin Davison, from Pennsylvania, the latter a school teacher, were the ringleaders. They have been arrested, and with forty negroes, are in jail."

The Commercial Bulletin says it is rumored that whalebone trees have been discovered in the vicinity of the celebrated oil springs in Pennsylvania. A chap has gone out there to start an umbrella factory, and expects to make a spread while the excitement reigns.

The Janesville Courier says: "We are informed that Wm. Culbertson raised 1500 bushels of Irish potatoes, the past summer, on five acres of ground, on his farm five miles south of this city. This is certainly an enormous yield."

The Louisville Journal (Bell-Everett) says the most disagreeable "wire-work" that we have known anything about for a considerable time, was the telegraph dispatches after the elections of last week.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—FROM WASHINGTON—RETURN OF THE JAMES STEAMER.—The State Department has received advice from Minister Harris, of the 5th of July. He states that the Japanese steamer Caudinamurrah had arrived at Jeddah from San Francisco, and on the return voyage was navigated by Japanese. This, he says, is the first instance in which a vessel constructed solely by Asiatics has successfully crossed the great North Pacific Ocean, and strikingly proves the Japanese to be so capable of improvement that they might soon place themselves at the head of Oriental enterprise of all kinds, if allowed freely to cultivate the great powers they possess. The commander of the steamer, with two governors for foreign affairs, had called on Mr. Harris, saying they came by command of the Emperor, and were directed to express to him His Majesty's sincere thanks for the friendly and cordial manner in which the commercial officers of his steamer were received by the authorities and people of San Francisco. They were directed to thank him particularly for the complete repairs of the steamer at Mare Island Navy Yard, and express the deep sense his Majesty entertained of the kindness and courtesy of Capt. Cunningham, commander of the yards.

The reports of the officers of the Caudinamurrah and letters from the Embassy with full accounts of the reception at San Francisco and the kindness shown them by the officers of our people, have produced a lively sensation especially among the nobles heretofore opposed to the treaty with Yeddo. One of the officers naively remarked to Mr. Harris, "We did not believe you when you told us of the friendly feelings of your country for us, but we now see that you said was true."

Mr. Harris is of the opinion that when the Ambassadors return to Japan and relate their reception by the president, repeat their large experience in the states, and when they state what they have seen of the greatness and prosperity of our country, it will have an important effect on the minds of the recalcitrant dunces and lead to a better state of feeling on their part towards us and towards the intercourse of foreign nations.

PEORIA, Nov. 16.—Mr. W. C. Strickler, a news-dealer of this place, wheeled a barrel of apples from Kikapoo distant two or three miles to-day, in fulfillment of a wager made upon the result of the late election. He arrived at 3 o'clock, was met near the city by a large crowd with a band of music, and escorted to the wigwam, where speeches were made and a good time had. The apples will be sent to Abe Lincoln.

A MYSTERY.—We are informed that on Friday last a dog belonging to Mr. Robert Gibson, at Bay Settlement, and a hog, were seen devouring a human arm. The remains were taken from them and buried, and efforts were made, without success, to find where the dog got them. The next day the dog brought another portion of the body, when he was shut up, in order, if possible, to trace him to the body, on the day following. The result we have not heard.

P. S.—Just as we go to press, we have received a note from H. V. Morrison, of the town of Scott, tending, in some degree, to clear up the mystery. On Tuesday evening the body of a man was found by a party on the Bay shore, two miles below the Red Banks. All the upper part of the body was missing. He had on a black overcoat, with long lap, a black cloth coat, satinet pantaloons, and a pair of new fine boots. On the arm taken from the dog was tattooed two-thirds of the way from the wrist to the elbow, with the picture of a schooner.—*Green Bay Advertiser.*

This life's contradictions are many.—Salt water gives us fresh fish, and hot words produce coolness.



REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE. Office in Union Passenger Depot.

New York, Nov. 17.—A special dispatch from Washington says Mr. McLean, our minister to Mexico, has resigned, and Gov. Bigler of Pennsylvania appointed. Senator Stidall expresses himself warmly in favor of secession. Advice from South Carolina to-day say the entire congressional delegation will leave.

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 17.—The Times, of this city, publishes a letter from Linn, East Kansas, giving an account of a new outbreak in that region. At the date of the letter, one man named Russell Hinds, after a trial by Lynch law, had been hung, and others ordered to leave the territory. The cause of the outbreak was an alleged attempt at kidnapping and threatening towards free state men by Hinds and his associates.

FORT KEARNEY, Nov. 16.—The pony express from San Francisco of Nov. 8th, arrived here at half-past 11, bringing California dates via Fort Churchill by telegraph up to 10 P. M. of the night of the 6th. The pony express with St. Louis dates of 22d of Oct., arrived at San Francisco on the 5th and the express of Oct. 27th is telegraphed from Carson Valley to-day. The reports that southern states are preparing to dissolve the union on account of the election of Lincoln, produce little effect.

The election returns from the central counties foot up as follows:—Douglas 13,385; Lincoln 14,342; Breckinridge 10,438; Bell 2,626. The vote of the state will probably exceed 120,000. San Francisco gives Lincoln 5,000 majority. His majority is being gradually reduced as returns come in from the mountains, and there seems every probability that Douglas has carried the state. The people reform ticket in San Francisco has probably been elected.

LATER.—By telegraph to Fort Churchill:—

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—Entire number of votes from the state, 76,720, Lincoln 27,059, Douglas 24,247, Breckinridge 20,308, Bell 4,062, Lincoln ahead of Douglas 2636. Lincoln's vote surprises all politicians, still Douglas' chances are considered the best. The legislature is probably Douglas, who has a majority over both Lincoln and Breckinridge in each house and securing sufficient strength to elect a Douglas senator to succeed Gwin.

OREGON.—Accounts from Oregon are to the effect of Nov. 17. The prospect is fair for Lincoln to carry the state, great numbers of Douglas democrats having gone over to republicans, leaving the Breckinridge wing stronger than the Douglas party. In consequence of the late Indian massacre on the overland route, Capt. Dent of the 9th infantry had been ordered to take the field from Fort Walla with force of 100 infantry and dragoons, who were on the march into the snake Indian territory.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 17.—There is very little opposition to the secession movement by the people of this state, although the mass of them are unfavorable to and refuse to participate in it.

RICHMOND, Nov. 17.—The election returns are still incomplete, but show that the contest has been very close. The Bell men are more confident to-day.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 17.—Official returns from 16 counties in Florida, indicate that the majority for Breckinridge in the state will be about 3,000.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 17.—There is more quiet in political circles to-day, but there is a unanimity of feeling existing among the people of this state as to make secession a fixed fact. Messrs. Orr and Perry and other Union men neither co-operate in or do not oppose the movement. Meetings are being held in all the districts and parishes of the state, and all favor secession.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 18.—Toombs has not yet resigned, but he will do so on the 3d of March, unless Georgia secedes.

Affairs are much quieter since Wednesday night. Mr. Stephens made a great speech, taking strong conservative grounds. The effects subsequently show that it proved as solid as the troubled waters, and all parties are now disposed to accept of it, considerably. To-day the convention will pass the Senate, unanimously. Election of delegates takes place on the 2d of January, and the convention meets on Wednesday following. The preamble of the convention bill reads as follows: "Whereas, the present crisis in national affairs in the judgment of the general assembly demands resistance; and whereas, it is the privilege of the people to determine the mode and measure of time of such resistance, therefore the general assembly do hereby declare the Governor's proclamation declaring the election on the 9th of January."

The first, second and third sections of the bill refer to the time of election, the meeting of the convention and the number of delegates to which each county is entitled. The fourth section reads that said convention when assembled may consider all grievances impairing or affecting the equality of rights of the people of Georgia as members of the United States, and determine the mode, measure and time of address.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 18.—The bill appropriating \$1,000,000 to arm and equip Georgia, in case of war, has passed the Florida legislature at its late session, passed a resolution pronouncing decided action in case of the election of a republican president, requiring the governor to convene the legislature. The Jacksonville Standard and other papers urge compliance.

Advices from Arizona, mention the discovery of very rich gold mines near Silverton. Parties were realizing from \$4,000 to \$5,000 per day. Official despatches from Gov. Owen concerning these mines are en route to Washington.

Despatches from Charleston, announce the resignation of Mr. Bonham, M. C.

New York, Nov. 19.—The Times Washington correspondent says information is received here that Ex-Gov. Atkin opposes secession. Mr. Otter, delegate from New Mexico, has written home advising his constituents to connect their destiny with the Pacific states should the Union be dissolved.

Californians in Washington, declare their purpose of advocating an independent republic on the Pacific side.

Mr. Floyd, secretary of war, has expressed the determination to keep our forts and arsenals in the South Carolina seceders. Any attempt therefore to seize by the secessionists, as suggested by Mr. Rhet, would inevitably lead to serious consequences.

New York, Nov. 18.—The steamship Vanderbilt from Southampton 7th arrived at noon. Admiral Napier is dead. The Piedmontese under Victor Emmanuel gained a brilliant victory on the 3d, on the Garigliano. They attacked in front with troops flanked by the tents and dispersed the Bourbon army. Tents, wagons and stores were left in Victor Emmanuel's possession with 11,000 prisoners. Soutra pursued the enemy afterwards and recaptured Mila and positions commanding Gaeta. Victor Emmanuel was expected at

Naples immediately. Garibaldi was at Naples. Anarchy reigns at Verbo. The voting on secession commenced at Perugia. The inhabitants of Verbo loomed to vote notwithstanding the French occupants and pontifical gendarmes. A large body of troops remaining outside the fortress at Gaeta have sent a proposal of surrender to the Piedmontese.

Liverpool, Wednesday.—Breadstuffs quiet. R. S. & Co. quote flour easier and unchanged. Wheat 1a2 d. lower.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 19.—Flour dull and lower with downward tendency. Wheat—the N. Y. market, this noon reported another decline of 2a2d, representing the market very dull and wheat unsaleable. Currency remains still close and the banks now will not accept Illinois currency excepting at discount of 3 per cent. Upon receipt of New York's prices here declined 2a2c, at the close the market was dull and quiet with no offers above 70 for No. 2 and 72 for No. 1 in store.

THE REIGN OF TERROR.—The steamer Alabama, which arrived here on Tuesday from Savannah, brought about 24 cabin passengers, one-half of whom were banished from that city because of their northern birth. One of these persons, John Deviney, has called upon us, and from him we gather some facts in relation to this new phase of the Reign of Terror. Mr. Deviney was in the employ of Harnden & Co., expressmen, in Savannah, and received, on Saturday morning, a notice that he must leave the city immediately. A notice was served, at the same time, upon Mr. Coe, an employee in the same office, that he also must leave. Expositions were useless; the assurances of both men that they had in no way interfered with southern institutions, and had no intention of doing so, were not listened to for a moment, and they were threatened with immediate death unless they departed at once. As no alternative, therefore, was left them but either to face death or leave their life in the afternoon of the same day. The only fault was that they were northern men. Deviney being a native of Philadelphia, and Coe of one of the eastern states. The man who was most instrumental in their banishment, was one James White, master of transportation on the Georgia Central Railroad. This White is himself a northern man, but, having lived for some years in Georgia, and become a slaveholder, he is so far trusted as to be permitted to prove his faithfulness by such villainous services as these. Three of the passengers on board the Alabama, were a gentleman, his wife and daughter, who had resided in Augusta for several years. This gentleman is a physician, and the line and city was raised against him by one of whom he endeavored to collect a debt. This method of settling pecuniary claims is a favorite one in Augusta, as our readers will remember. This gentleman barely escaped with his life, and neither he nor his family were permitted to bring away anything but the clothes on their backs. Another of the passengers was from Lexington, Georgia, but all except these four, were from Savannah, and all were banished, without any other reason given than that of northern birth.—*New York Tribune.*

PUMPKIN PIES.—A correspondent of the Genesee Farmer writes:—"My wife believes that she has discovered a new method of making pumpkin pies which has many advantages. Instead of stewing the pumpkin, bake it in large pieces with the skin on, in the stove oven; then scoop out the pumpkin, and treat it as if stewed. The labor and care is very much diminished, and the pie improved in quality."

CLOSE VOTING.—The election of the Genesee Farmer writes:—"My wife believes that she has discovered a new method of making pumpkin pies which has many advantages. Instead of stewing the pumpkin, bake it in large pieces with the skin on, in the stove oven; then scoop out the pumpkin, and treat it as if stewed. The labor and care is very much diminished, and the pie improved in quality."

Mr. Rarey, the horse tamer, is on his way home from Europe. The world advises him to try his system on some of the vicious political animals in this country. It says:—"The spectacle of a kicking, plunging, squealing secessionist, bursting, with flaming nostrils, into the arena, emitting blue fire, statistics, bowie-knives, gunpowder and chain lightning, and the same animal, after the gentle Rareyque manipulations, led demurely about the ring with a copy of Sumner's speech in his mouth, and a wide-awake, in full uniform, upon his back, reading General Jackson on nullification, would be in the highest degree entertaining, and such an accomplishment a triumph which even the obedient subjugator of Cruiser need not disdain."

There is a printer at Lexington, Mo., who is haunted by Stephen A. Douglas. He says that when he attempts to set type, Douglas rolls his eyeballs so that he cannot see the case. He was taken before the county court, and the jury pronounced him insane. It's a great pity. He has no need to be afraid of Mr. Douglas now.

Naomi, the daughter of Enoch, was five hundred and sixty years old, when she was married. Courage, ladies!

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GREAT PANIC

IN THE

DRY GOODS TRADE

In the Eastern Cities,

AND IMMENSE ARRIVALS OF

MERCHANDIZE!

in the past ten days, and more on the road, at the

New York Cash Store

FOR THE

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

OR

1860 and 1861.

The Cash System Triumphant!

The New York Cash Store Still Ahead.

THE LARGEST STOCK

now arriving ever received by

THIS OR ANY OTHER

establishment in this city.

IN QUALITY, STYLE AND RICHNESS OF

GOODS

We Defy all Competition.

We have been receiving in the last ten days the

Largest Stock of Merchandize

ever before received by

Any One Establishment in this City,

which we propose to sell a large share of in the next 30 days.

CASH ONLY!

At Prices that will defy all Competition

in this country. Our stock has all been purchased in the

PAST TWO WEEKS

direct from the

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS

and

LARGE AUCTION SALES

by the

PACKAGE AND CASE,

and will be sold as low as goods are generally

Jobbed for in New York.

Janesville, Nov. 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

Great Reduction in the Price

of

Fancy Dress Silks.

WE have now much the largest stock of Dress Silks in this city, which we will sell fully

THIRTY PER CENT

below the usual prices. We invite the particular attention of the ladies to these goods. M. C. SMITH.

Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

French Merino.

A SPLENDID stock of Plain and Figured French Merino, also some beautiful.

Rep., Plain and Striped Merinos, something entirely new, and splendid goods, just received at the NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Janesville, Nov. 19th, 1860.

BROCHA SHAWLS.

WE have just received some of the most magnificent

BROCHA SHAWLS

ever offered in this state. Also, a large lot of low priced goods.

LADIES' CLOAKS,

some splendid styles of these goods; also a very large lot of

Double Wool Shawls,

which we are selling fully

25 PER CENT LESS

than they are worth. Also,

SILK AND WOOL SHAWLS,

some splendid styles. M. C. SMITH.

Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

LADIES' FURS.

A SPLENDID assortment of these goods just received, all of which we are selling very cheap.

November 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

Alexander's Kid Gloves.

JUST received, a fine assortment, at the

Nov. 19, 1860. NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Hosiery & Gloves.

A SPLENDID line of Hosiery and Gloves now on sale at the

Nov. 19, 1860. NEW YORK CASH STORE.

VELVET RIBBONS.

2,000

PIECES of Black Velvet Ribbons,

WARRANTED ALL SILK,

which is of a quality very scarce to be found in this city; just received and selling by the piece at very

LOW PRICES.

We warrant these goods all silk or no sale. Also, a splendid line of

BONNET RIBBONS,

selling very much below regular prices at the

November 19, 1860. NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Crockery & Glass Ware.

JUST arrived, a very large stock of Crockery and Glass Ware of

A correspondent of the New York World writing from Baltimore says that the disunion outcry has been got up to cover up the bankruptcy of the south. It has long been known in financial circles that the cotton and sugar states have been overtrading, and that a crisis in their money affairs was impending. They have been prosperous for a few years past. Their products have been abundant and have sold for a high price and, like the northwest, in 1857, they have launched into all kinds of extravagances in living, and in the purchase of lands and stocking plantations. If there had been no secession talked of their banks and business men would have been hard pressed; but putting both causes together nothing can now save them from bankruptcy. Hence their loud talk about dissolving the union is a pretext for not paying their debts. Their banks and business men will not pay, and this, to a certain extent, will affect the north and the west. In the northern and eastern cities, there are merchants and manufacturers who have preferred the southern trade, and have identified themselves in the late political campaign with the fusion movement, to defeat Mr. Lincoln. They are the principal sufferers by the present financial revolution in the south, and will receive very little sympathy from any quarter.

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THE OHIO STATE GUARD PROVES THEIR SERVICES FOR THE FOURTH OF MARCH.—The Cincinnati Gazette has information from Athens, Ohio, that at an informal meeting of the commissioned officers of the Ohio state guard and Athens light artillery, held at the armory, on Thursday last, it was unanimously agreed to tender to Abraham Lincoln any assistance necessary to insure his inauguration as President on the fourth of March. The Albany (N. Y.) Burgesses corps have also resolved to visit Washington on that occasion.

A Lincoln voter at Fairfax court house, Va., was seized by a mob, on election day, carried into the woods, completely blacked with printer's ink, and then mounted on his horse for home. They thought it a capital joke to make a liberal "Black Republican" of the man, but they may find that their outrage has made a dozen white republicans who will appear at the next election.

THE EFFECT.—At Occoquan, Prince William county, Virginia, where a few months ago some boot-headed fellows cut down a republican flag-staff, Lincoln received 55 votes on Tuesday, Bell 48, Breckinridge 51, and Douglas 1.

HOW THE PRESIDENT IS ELECTED.—The successive steps in the election of president and vice-president of the United States are taken, according to existing laws, at the following dates:

1. By the act of congress of 1845 the electors for president and vice-president of the United States are appointed in each state on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.
2. By the act of 1792 these electors are to meet on the first Wednesday in December after, in their respective states, to cast their votes.
3. These votes, when cast, are to be certified by the electors and sealed up and sent to the president of the senate.
- On the second Wednesday in February after, the sealed certificates of the electors are to be broken open and the votes counted, and the result declared in the presence of congress.

FOR SALT RIVER.—The Dug-out, chartered by the fusionists, starts to-morrow for the head of Salt River. The cabin boy was sent with \$25 this morning to buy the "small stores." He returned while the captain and mate were in the cabin taking a "sniff," and the following colloquy took place:

Boy—Well, Captain, I've come on board with the "small stores."

Captain—What have you bought?

Boy—I spent twenty-four dollars for whisky and one dollar for bread.

Captain—Thunder! What are we going to do with so much bread?—Albany Journal, Friday.

NEGROES—FALL IN PRICE.—The following negroes were sold at the court house door on last Tuesday: A boy 26 years old brought \$653; a boy five years old \$365; a woman 63 years old \$345; a woman and 3 children \$1,710.—Washington (Ga.) Independent.

PUCK'S MENTAL PHILOSOPHY.—What is mind? No matter. What matter? Never mind. What is the nature of the soul? It is ignominious.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

Snow fell quite profusely in London, Canada, on Tuesday last.

Americans are at a premium in Italy.—They meet with the most partial consideration by Garibaldi.

As the loser in a bet on the result of the election, Mr. W. A. Pearce, of Portland, Maine, a day or two ago, peddled forty bushels of charcoal through the streets of that city. He created great merriment by clearing his throat with the juice from a lemon, in imitation of his leader, Mr. Douglas.

Mrs. Stephen A. Douglas was so seriously hurt by the giving way of the deck of the steamer Virginia, at Montgomery, Alabama, that she had to remain for several days at the house of Col. Seibels, editor of the Confederation.

On Wednesday evening of last week, in Fayette county, Iowa, a daughter of Mr. Jacob Hoover poisoned herself by taking strychnine for what she supposed to be soda. Her age was about seventeen years.

The diphtheria has appeared in Terre Haute, Indiana, in a very malignant form. The Warren (O.) Chronicle says:—"We visited the Hoxie & Wilson oil well at Mecca, on Saturday. We saw the oil, (which was the product of eight hours pumping), measured in a vat, and it was found to be twenty four barrels, of 40 gallons each, and a fraction; it being at the rate of 8 barrels an hour, or 72 barrels per day. As the oil sells at the well for 26 cents per gallon, at this rate the income of the well would be \$720 per day. This is as profitable as publishing a country newspaper."

AN OVERT ACT.—It is understood now what the chivalry mean by an overt act. It is to pelt a distinguished statesman and his lady with rotten eggs.

FRUITS OF THE SECESSION EXCITEMENT.—The Augusta (Georgia) Dispatch says:—"An insurrectionary plot was discovered on Tuesday morning among the negroes on the plantations of W. C. Cleveland, Harp, Simmons, Davison, Johnson and others, in Crawford county. A. V. Dreer and Collin Davison, from Pennsylvania, the latter a school teacher, were the ringleaders. They have been arrested, and with forty negroes, are in jail."

The Commercial Bulletin says it is rumored that whalebone trees have been discovered in the vicinity of the celebrated oil springs in Pennsylvania. A chap has gone out there to start an umbrella factory, and expects to make a spread while the excitement reigns.

The Zanesville Courier says: "We are informed that Wm. Culbertson raised 1500 bushels of Irish potatoes, the past summer, on five acres of ground, on his farm five miles South of this city. This is certainly an enormous yield."

The Louisville Journal (Bell-Everett) says the most disagreeable "wire-work" that we have known anything about for a considerable time, was the telegraph dispatches after the elections of last week.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16. FROM WASHINGTON.—RETURN OF THE JAPANESE STEAMER.—The State Department has received notice from Minister Harris, of the ship of the Japanese steamer Candimamurah and arrived at Jeddah from San Francisco, and on the return voyage was navigated by Japanese alone. This, he says, is the first instance in which a vessel constructed solely by Asiatics has successfully crossed the great North Pacific Ocean, and strikingly proves the Japanese to be so capable of improvement that they might soon place themselves at the head of Oriental enterprise of all kinds, if allowed freely to cultivate the great powers they possess. The commander of the steamer, with two governors for foreign affairs, had called on Mr. Harris, saying they came by command of the Tycoon, and were directed to express to him His Majesty's sincere thanks for the friendly and cordial manner in which the commander and officers of his steamer were received by the authorities and people of San Francisco. They were directed to thank him particularly for the complete repairs of the steamer at Mare Island Navy Yard, and express the deep sense his Majesty entertained of the kindness and courtesy of Capt. Cunningham, commander of the ship.

The reports of the officers of the Candimamurah and letters from the Embassy with full accounts of the reception at San Francisco and the kindness shown them by all classes of our people, have produced a lively sensation especially among the nobles heretofore opposed to the treaty with Yeddo. One of the officers naively remarked to Mr. Harris, "We did not believe you when you told us of the friendly feelings of your country for us, but we now see that all you said was true."

Mr. Harris is of the opinion that when the Ambassadors return to Japan and relate their reception by the president, repeat their large experience in the states, and when they state what they have seen of the greatness and prosperity of our country, it will have an important effect on the minds of the recalcitrant dukes and lead to a better state of feeling on their part towards us and towards the intercourse of foreign nations.

PEORIA, Nov. 16. Mr. W. C. Strickler, a news-dealer of this place, wheeled a barrel of apples from Kickapoo distant twelve miles to-day, in fulfillment of a wager made upon the result of the late election. He arrived at 3 o'clock, was met near the city by a large crowd with a band of music, and escorted to the wagon, where speeches were made and a good time had. The apples will be sent to Abe Lincoln.

A MYSTERY.—We are informed that on Friday last a dog belonging to Mr. Robert Gibson, at Bay Settlement, and a hog, were seen devouring a human arm. The remains were taken from them and buried, and efforts were made, without success, to find where the dog got them. The next day the dog brought another portion of the body, when he was shut up, in order, if possible, to trace him to the body, on the day following. The result we have not heard.

P. S.—Just as we go to press, we have received a note from H. V. Morrison, of the town of Scott, tending, in some degree, to clear up the mystery. On Tuesday evening the body of a man was found by a party on the Bay shore, two miles below the Red Banks. All the upper part of the body was missing. He had on a black overcoat, with long nap, a black cloth coat, against pants, and a pair of new blue boots. On the arm taken from the dog was tattooed two-thirds of the way from the wrist to the elbow, with the picture of a schooner.—Green Bay Advocate.

This life's contradictions are many.—Salt water gives us fresh fish, and hot waters produce coldness.



REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office in Union Passenger Depot.

New York, Nov. 17. A special dispatch from Washington says Mr. McLean, our minister to Mexico, has resigned, and Gov. Bigler of Pennsylvania appointed.

Senator Slidell expresses himself warmly in favor of secession. Advice from South Carolina to-day say the entire congressional delegation will resign.

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 17. The Times, of this city, publishes a letter from Linn, East Kansas, giving an account of a new outbreak in that region. At the date of the letter, one man named Russell Hinds, after a trial by Lynch law, had been hung, and others ordered to leave the territory. The cause of the outbreak was an alleged attempt at kidnapping and threatening towards free state men by Hinds and his associates.

FORT KEARNEY, Nov. 16. The pony express from San Francisco of Nov. 8th, arrived here at half-past 11, bringing California dates via Fort Churchill by telegraph up to 10 P. M. of the night of the 8th. The pony express with St. Louis dates to 23d of Oct., arrived at San Francisco on the 5th and the express of Oct. 27th is telegraphed from Carson Valley to-day. The reports that southern states are preparing to dissolve the union on account of the election of Lincoln, produce little effect.

The election returns from the central counties foot up as follows—Douglas 13,385; Lincoln 14,342; Breckinridge 16,438; Bell 2,626. The vote of the state will probably exceed 120,000. San Francisco gives Lincoln 3,000 majority. His majority is being gradually reduced as returns come in from the mountains, and there seems every probability that Douglas has carried the state. The peoples reform ticket in San Francisco has probably been elected.

LATER.—By telegraph to Fort Churchill: SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17. Entire number of votes from the state, 76,720, Lincoln 27,059, Douglas 24,422, Breckinridge 26,308, Bell 4,062, Lincoln ahead of Douglas 2636. Lincoln's vote surprises all politicians, still Douglas' chances are considered the best. The legislature is probably Douglas, who has a majority over both Lincoln and Breckinridge in each house and securing sufficient strength to elect a Douglas senator to succeed Uwin.

OREGON.—Accounts from Oregon are to the effect Nov. 17. The prospect is fair for Lincoln to carry the state, great numbers of Douglas democrats having gone over to republicans, leaving the Breckinridge wing stronger than the Douglas party. In consequence of the late Indian massacre on the overland route, Capt. Dent of the 9th infantry had been ordered to take the field from Fort Walla with forces of 100 infantry and dragoons, who were on the march into the snake Indian territory.

AUGUSTA, Ga. Nov. 17. There is very little opposition to the secession movement by the people of this state, although the mass of them are unfavorable to and refuse to participate in it.

RICHMOND, Nov. 17. The election returns are still incomplete, but show that the contest has been very close. The Bell men are more confident to-day.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 17. Official returns from 16 counties in Florida, indicate that the majority for Breckinridge in the state will be about 7,000.

COLUMBIA, S. C. Nov. 17. There is more quiet in political circles to-day, but there is such unanimity of feeling existing among the people of the state as to make secession a fixed fact. Messrs. Orr and Perry and other Union men neither co-operate in or do not oppose the movement. Meetings are being held in all the districts and parishes of the state, and all favor secession.

ARGUSTA, Ga. Nov. 18. Toombs has not yet resigned, but he will do so on the 3d of March, unless Georgia secedes.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Nov. 18. Affairs are much quieter since Wednesday night. Mr. Stephens made a great speech, taking strong conservative grounds. The effects subsequently show that it proves as oil on the troubled waters, and all parties are now disposed to act coolly and considerately. To-day the convention bill passed the Senate, unanimously. Election of delegates takes place on the 2d of January, and the convention meets on Wednesday following. The preamble of the convention bill reads as follows: "Whereas, the present crisis in national affairs in the judgment of the general assembly demands resistance; and whereas, it is the privilege of the people to determine the mode and measure of time of such resistance, therefore the general assembly enacts that the Governor issue his proclamation ordering the election on the 9th of January." The first, second and third sections of the bill refer to the time of election, the meeting of the convention and the number of delegates to which each county is entitled. The fourth section reads that said convention when assembled may consider all grievances impairing or affecting the equality of rights of the people of Georgia as members of the United States, and determine the mode, measure and time of address.

ARIZONA, GA. Nov. 18. The bill appropriating \$1,000,000 to arm and equip Georgia, is a complete law. The Florida legislature at its last session passed a resolution pronouncing decided action in case of the election of a republican president, requiring the governor to convene the legislature. The Jacksonville Standard and other papers urge compliance. Advice from Arizona, mention the discovery of very rich gold mines near Silverton. Parties were realizing from \$4,000 to \$5,000 per day. Official despatches from Gov. Owen concerning these mines are en route to Washington.

Despatches from Charleston, announce the resignation of Mr. Bonham, M. C.

New York, Nov. 19. The Times Washington correspondent says information is received here that Ex-Gov. Atkin opposes secession.

Mr. Otter, delegate from New Mexico, has written home advising his constituents to connect their destiny with the Pacific states should the Union be dissolved.

Californians in Washington, declare their purpose of advocating an independent republic on the Pacific side.

Mr. Floyd, secretary of war, has expressed the determination to hand over forts and arsenals in South Carolina intact to the successful secessionists of March. Any attempt therefore to seize by the secessionists, as suggested by Mr. Rhett, would inevitably lead to serious consequences.

New York, Nov. 18. The steamship Vanderbilt from Southampton 7th arrived at noon. Admiral Napier is dead. The Piedmontese under Victor Emanuel gained a brilliant victory on the 3d, on the Gargiano. They attacked in front with troops flanked by the fleet and dispersed the Bourbon army. Tents, wagons and stores were left in Victor Emanuel's possession with 11,000 prisoners. Gen. Sornaz pursued the enemy afterwards and recaptured Mils and positions commanding Gaeta. Victor Emanuel was expected at

Naples immediately. Garibaldi was at the village of Anarchy reigned at Verbio. The voting on annexation commenced at Perugia. The inhabitants of Verbio hastened to vote notwithstanding the French occupants and pontifical gendarmes. A large body of troops remaining outside the fortress at Gaeta have sent a proposal of surrender to the Piedmontese.

Liverpool, Wednesday.—Breadstuffs quiet. R. S. & Co. quote flour easier and unchanged. Wheat 1ad 2 lower.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 13. Flour dull and lower with downward tendency. Wheat—the N. Y. market this noon reported another decline of 24c, representing the market very dull and wheat unsaleable. Currency remains still close and the banks now will not accept Illinois currency excepting at discount of 3 per cent. Upon receipt of New York news prices here declined 24c, at the close the market was dull and quiet with no offers above 70 for No. 2 and 72 for No. 1 in store.

THE REIGN OF TERROR.—The steamer Alabama, which arrived here on Tuesday from Savannah, brought about 24 cabin passengers, one-half of whom were banished from that city because of their northern birth. One of these persons, John Deviney, has called upon us, and from him we gather some facts in relation to this new phase of the Reign of Terror. Mr. Deviney was in the employ of Harnden & Co., expressmen, in Savannah, and received, on Saturday morning, a notice that he must leave the city immediately. A notice was served, at the same time, upon Mr. Coe, an employee in the same office, that he also must leave. Expostulations were useless; the assurances of both men that they had in no way interfered with southern institutions, and had no intention of doing so, were not listened to for a moment, and they were threatened with immediate death unless they departed at once. As no alternative, therefore, was left them but either to face death or leave, they left in the afternoon of the same day. Their only fault was that they were northern men. Deviney being a native of Philadelphia, and Coe of one of the eastern states. The man who was most instrumental in their banishment, was one James White, master of transportation on the Georgia Central Railroad. This White is himself a northern man, but having lived for some years in Georgia, and become a slaveholder, he is so far trusted as to be permitted to prove his faithfulness by such villainous services as these. Three of the passengers on board the Alabama, were a gentleman, his wife and daughter, who had resided in Augusta for several years. This gentleman is a physician, and the hue and cry was raised against him by one of whom he endeavored to collect a debt. This method of settling pecuniary claims is a favorite one in Augusta, as our readers will remember. This gentleman barely escaped with his life, and neither he nor his family were permitted to bring away anything but the clothes on their backs. Another of the passengers was from Lexington, Georgia, but all except these four, were from Savannah, and all were banished, without any other reason given than that of northern birth.—New York Tribune.

PUMPKIN PIE.—A correspondent of the Genesee Farmer writes:—"My wife believes that she has discovered a new method of making pumpkin pies which has many advantages. Instead of stewing the pumpkin, bake it in large pieces with the skin on, in the stove oven; then scoop out the pumpkin, and treat it as if stewed. The labor and care is very much diminished, and the pie improved in quality."

CLOSE VOTING.—The election of the Genesee Farmer writes:—"The election of the members of the senate, which give the republicans a majority in that body, was secured by even majority. One of the members in Madison county elected to the house is chosen by 18, and the other by 95 majority. The Wayne member is secured by 15 majority, and the republicans lose a member in Sangamon by 25, and two in Morgan by less than 100 votes each.—Chicago Journal.

Mr. Rarey, the horse tamer, is on his way home from Europe. The World advises him to try his system on some of the vicious political animals in this country. It says:—"The spectacle of a kicking, plunging, squealing secessionist, bursting, with flaming nostrils, into the arena, emitting blue fire, statistics, bowie-knives, gunpowder and chain lightning, and the same animal, after the gentle Rarey's manipulations, led demurely about the ring with a copy of Sumner's speech in his mouth, and a wide-awake, in full uniform, upon his back, reading General Jackson on nullification, would be in the highest degree entertaining, and such an accomplishment a triumph which even the eminent subjugator of Cruiser need not disdain."

There is a printer at Lexington, Mo., who is haunted by Stephen A. Douglas. He says that when he attempts to set type, Douglas rolls his eyeballs so that he cannot see the case. He was taken before the county court, and the jury pronounced him insane. It's a great pity. He has no need to be afraid of Mr. Douglas now.

Nacmi, the daughter of Enoch, was five hundred and sixty years old, when she was married. Courage, ladies!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Millers.

THE undersigned would like to associate himself in business, a practical miller, who would take an interest to the extent of \$3,000 in his steam flouring mill, at Milton, Wis., which has three runs of stones in full running order and doing a good business.

NATHAN SAUNDERS.
Milton, Rock county, Wisconsin.
12-1-434

ESTABLISHED 1839

ST SUIT
KENTUCKY
SALT RIVER
BOURBON
WHISKY
DISTILLERIES.
ADDRESS, ST SUIT
DISTILLER
JEFFERSON CO. KY.

The above pure and celebrated article is for sale, for MEDICINAL PURPOSES, by

TALLMAN & COLLINS,
Agents by Appointment.

For Sale or To Rent.

A BEAUTIFUL BRICK COTTAGE

W. H. Barn, Wall, Green, Strawberry, Fruit Trees, etc., and five acres of land, most beautifully located. Apply to

M. R. BUNTER.

GREAT PANIC

IN THE

DRY GOODS TRADE

In the Eastern Cities,

AND IMMENSE ARRIVALS OF

MERCHANDIZE!

In the past ten days, and more on the road, at the

New York Cash Store

FOR THE

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

or

1860 and 1861.

The Cash System Triumphant!

The New York Cash Store Still Ahead.

THE LARGEST STOCK

now arriving ever received by

THIS OR ANY OTHER

establishment in this city.

IN QUALITY, STYLE AND RICHNESS OF

GOODS

We Defy all Competition.

We have been receiving in the last ten days the

Largest Stock of Merchandize

ever before received by

Any One Establishment in this City,

which we propose to sell a large share of in the next 30 days for

CASH ONLY!

At Prices that will defy all Competition

In this country. Our stock has all been purchased in the

PAST TWO WEEKS

direct from the

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS

and

LARGE AUCTION SALES

by the

PACKAGE AND CASE,

and will be sold at low as goods are generally

Jobbed for in New York.

January 10, Nov. 10th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

Great Reduction in the Price

of

Fancy Dress Silks.

We have now much the largest stock of Dress Silks in this city, which we will sell fully

THIRTY PER CENT

below the market. We invite the particular attention of the ladies to these goods.

January 10, November 10th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

French Merino.

A SPLENDID stock of Plain and Figured French Merinos, also some beautiful.

Rep., Plain and Striped Merinos,

something entirely new, and splendid goods, just received at the

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

January 10, Nov. 10th, 1860.

BROCHA SHAWLS.

We have just received some of the most magnificent

BROCHA SHAWLS

ever offered in this state. Also, a large lot of low priced goods.

LADIES' CLOAKS,

some splendid styles of these goods; also a very large lot of

Double Wool Shawls,

which we are selling fully

25 PER CENT LESS

than they are worth. Also,

SILK AND WOOL SHAWLS,

some splendid styles.

January 10, November 10th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

LADIES' FURS.

A SPLENDID assortment of these goods just received at the

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

November 10th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

Alexander's Kid Gloves.

JUST received, a fine assortment, at the

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Nov. 10, 1860.

Hosiery & Gloves.

A SPLENDID line of Hosiery and Gloves now on

sale at the

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

January 10, November 10th, 1860.

VELVET RIBBONS!

2,000

PIECES of Black Velvet Ribbons,

WARRANTED ALL SILK,

which is of a quality very scarce to be found in this city;

just received and selling by the piece at very

LOW PRICES.

We warrant these goods all silk or no sale. Also, a

splendid line of

BONNET RIBBONS,

selling very much below regular prices at the

NEW YORK CASH STORE.

November 10, 1860.

Crockery & Glass Ware.

JUST arrived, a very large stock of Crockery and

Glass Ware of

Our Own Importation,

which we can and will sell 25 per cent

CHEAPER

than any house in this city.

January 10, November 10th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES

AND

VESTINGS!

In Quality, Style and Texture we have now the most

Magnificent Stock

of these goods ever offered for sale in this city, and in

as good as can be found in any city in the United States,

from which we are prepared to get up any kind of

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Relief of Kansas.

Mr. S. M. Macoon, formerly a resident of Green county in this state, but now a resident of Kansas, is now in this city, as an accredited agent for obtaining relief for the suffering inhabitants of Kansas. After a long series of sufferings, for opinions sake, they are now threatened with the horrors of famine. An organized effort is now making for the relief they so persistently need, and Mr. Macoon is one of the agents employed in obtaining this relief. He is a brother-in-law of Henry S. Shelton of this city, and exhibits unquestioned evidence of his authority to act in the capacity assigned to him. He was first appointed local agent by the people of Ozark township, Anderson county, for which he has the certificate of the judge and the seal of the probate court of the county of Anderson, but has, since the adoption of a more extended system of operations, been delegated as a general agent by Mr. J. F. Army of Chicago whose previous connection with Kansas relief measures is well known.

Mr. Macoon will receive anything necessary to the comfort or sustenance of individuals or families. Goods (clothing particularly is desirable and necessary) or provisions will be deposited at the depot of the Chicago and North-Western railway, and money may be left with H. S. Shelton, to be forwarded to Mr. Army, at Chicago, who has already advanced \$400 of his own money for freight sent into the territory.

The details of the relief organization we have published in our telegraphic despatches. The present effort is a part of the measures instituted. We hope there will be such a response from this vicinity as will show that an appeal to the benevolent feelings of the heart is not made in vain.

The Chicago Tribune says in relation to the general plan of operations:

"Trausmissions of freights being necessary at the Illinois, Mississippi and Missouri rivers, everything must be sent forward in bags. The committees and agents in the states who receive donations of grain, are requested, as far as possible, to take up subscription in their town, to buy sacks to put it in. Those who have not means to furnish sacks are requested to inform Mr. Army, at Chicago, and he will, as soon as possible, furnish them."

Those who desire to make donations of potatoes are requested to sell them and invest the proceeds in corn or wheat, and make their donations in that shape. The cost of transporting potatoes is so much greater, in proportion to their nutritious quality, than grain, that this course is advised. Next spring potatoes for seed will be indispensable to the people of Kansas; but now it is a question of food—of living or starving—and whatever is given should be converted into those articles that will go the furthest in sustaining life."

Goods entrusted to the care of Mr. Macoon will be forwarded the 30th inst. Whatever is contributed should be given promptly.

COMMON COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the Common Council was held Friday evening, which we forgot, and consequently failed to report in full. Much of the proceedings were not of special interest.

Alderman Bates introduced an order, which was unanimously adopted, instructing the city attorney to prosecute all violators of the law prohibiting the sale or giving away of liquors on the Sabbath, and all violations of the ordinance forbidding the crossing of the bridges faster than a walk.

LADIES' FESTIVAL.—The ladies connected with the Congregational Church and society of this city propose holding a Festival at Lappin's Hall on Thursday evening, Nov. 22d. Full particulars will appear in an advertisement to-morrow.

LADIES' FESTIVAL.—The ladies of Trinity Church will have a Festival, to be held in the vacant store of the Hyatt House, formerly occupied by Mervin & Co., on Wednesday evening, the 21st inst., the proceeds of which to be appropriated towards furnishing the church of said Church.

FIVE PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH ON THE PRAIRIES.—The Story County (Iowa) Advocate, of the 1st inst., states that Dan'l Swearingen, with his wife and four children, recently from Tuscarawas county, O., while on their way from Nevada to their farm near Fort Dodge, were overtaken by fire on the prairie. It says:

"Before any measure could be taken for protection, the wagon cover was in flames. In a moment the bedding and other inflammable material in the wagon was on fire, and before Mr. S. could make his way out of the wagon through the flames, his clothing was on fire. Unfortunately as he fell out of the wagon, he was kicked by one of the horses, and for a time stunned beyond ability to help the others. He revived in time to see his wife fall from the wagon, burned to death, and to drag from the flames one of his children, already dead—His own clothing was burned entirely from his body, and he is severely burned, especially on the head, face and hands. He is at present sightless, but hopes are entertained of his recovery, and that his eyesight is not destroyed. Two of the children were literally burnt up in the wagon. Of one, nothing could be found but, in which there was a charred mass, in the skull there was no trace of humanity left."

DEATH OF THE MAN WHO "STRUCK BILLY PATTERSON."—The Boston Courier relates the following story of Ephraim L. Snow, who died in New York on the 23 ult. The question, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" is now solved:

Mr. Snow was formerly a well-known citizen of Boston, and took a lively interest in the old volunteer department. He was a very tall man, and connected with that fact was an amusing incident of the broad street riot. There had been a good many broken heads at and about the foot of Summer street, and while "Larkin" was standing among a group of firemen, a thick-set, very short Milesian rushed up in his shirt-sleeves, and, in a great rage, called out, "Where's the man that struck Billy Patterson?" whose hand was as free of blood as his heart was of guile, replied, for the fun of the thing, "I struck him." Pat looked up at him with mingled awe and admiration, and quietly remarked, "Faith, is a handsome man?" as he was of a different color. Give us your hand." From this incident originated all the jokes about Billy Patterson.

COMPLETED.—The Chicago post office, which has been in process of erection several years, and is a magnificent work of art, is now completed.

ELECTION RETURNS FOR WISCONSIN.

We give herewith returns as far as received in this state—those marked (*) being official:

	Lincoln.	Douglas.
Adams	354	
Bad Axe	600	
*Brown	378	
Calmet	123	
Chippewa	15	
Clark	64	
*Columbia	1758	
*Crawford	625	
*Dane	58	
Dodge		58
*Fond du Lac	1103	
Grant	1690	
*Green	1052	
Green Lake	1219	
Iron	310	
Jefferson	360	
*Juneau	294	
Kenosha	725	
Kewaunee	360	
*La Crosse	712	
Lafayette	229	
*Maitowoc	130	
*Milwaukee	1897	
*Marquette	26	
*Marathon	262	
*Monroe	598	
Outagamie	200	
*Oconto	281	
*Ozaukee	1092	
Pierce	236	
Polk	65	
Portage	400	
*Racine	984	
*Rock	3282	
Richland	366	
*Sauk	1324	
Shawano	48	
*Sheboygan	552	
*St Croix	65	
Trempealeau	300	
*Walworth	2870	
*Washington	450	
Waushara	735	
*Winnebago	1129	
Wood	1385	
	8	
	26,419	6,351
	6,381	
	20,069	

MAJ. THAS FAR, 20,069

EARLY RISING.—Miss Martineau is a great advocate of getting up early in the morning. She says:

"I speak from experience here. For thirty years my business has lain in my study. The practice of early rising was, I am confident, the preservation of health through many years of hard work—the hours gained being given not to book or pen, but to activity. I rose at six, summer and winter, and (after cold bathing) went out for a walk in all weathers. In the cold season, on the rainiest morning, I never returned without having glad that I went. I need not detail the pleasures of the summer mornings. In winter, there was either a fragment of gibbous moon hanging over the mountain, or a star quivering in the river, or icicles beginning to shine in the dawn, or at worst, some break in the clouds, some moss on the wall, some gleam on the water, which I carried home in the shape of refreshment. I breakfasted at 7½, and had settled the household business and was at my work by 8½, fortified for seven hours continued desk-work without injury or fatigue."

"Ah, me!" said a pious lady, "our minister was a very powerful preacher; for the short time he administered the word of God among us, he kicked three pulpits to pieces, and banged the in-ards out of five Bibles."

TORRENT.—A good dwelling house convenient to the business part of the city, a good barn on the premises. Apply at the M. & M. Railroad office. nov12dt W. D. STRONG.

COMMERCIAL.

JANESVILLE WHOLESALE MARKET.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by BUMP & GRAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, NOVEMBER 10, 1860.

The wheat market opened this morning firm at Saturday's full price and with light receipts, and a good milling demand, continued firm until about one o'clock, when wheat's foreign markets were reported showing a decline of 3c on wheat in foreign markets, then buyers held back, and prices declined 2½c per bushel, closing quiet at 67½c for milling spring, and 65½c for export shipwheat. Other stuff remains at previous rates.

We make up prices as follows:

WHEAT—good to choice milling spring 67½c; 70c to good dry shipping 62½c; damp and grown 66½c. OATS—rather dull at 16½c per bushel.

RYE—in request at 56½c per 60 lbs.

CORN—old shelled 36½c per 60 lbs. New in ear 13½c per 70 lbs.

BARLEY—prime samples 37½c to 42c per 60 lbs, common quality 35c to 36c.

MOTHELY SEED—in good demand at 1,00½c per 40 lbs.

DRESSED HOGS—heavy to extra heavy 5,50½c to 5,60c; light 5,35½c.

POTATOES—wanted at 14½c for good to choice ones.

BUTTER—plenty at 15½c for good to choice quality.

EGGS—scarce at 1½c per dozen.

HIDES—Green, 6½c; dry, 5½c; 11½c.

FLOUR—spring at 2,50c per 100 lbs.

SPROUTED—dressed turkeys, 65c; chickens, 56c.

SHEEP—FELTS—range from 25c to 1,00 each.

Chicago Market.

Wheat dull and declined 2½c per bushel, northwest-ern club 78½c, No 1 spring 76½c. Flour dull. Cais declined and barley and rye neglected. Pork 4,75c to 5,00c, and butchers sell exchange sparingly to customers at 5 per cent, and to outsiders at 5½ per cent.

WATCHES, JEWELRY,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

CLOCKS!

FANCY GOODS!

MEERSCHAUM PIPES,

Cigar Holders, &c.

A FRESH arrival of the above goods, embracing all the

LATEST STYLES AND PATTERNS

MAY NOW BE SEEN AT THE

Jewelry Store

OF

WEBB & LEE,

Which have been selected with the

GREATEST CARE

direct from the

IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS.

By Themselves.

Please Call & Examine the new Styles.

WEBB & LEE,

Lappin's Block, Janesville.

sepi2dwt

sepi2dwt

sepi2dwt

sepi2dwt

Should the terrible conflagrations that are sweeping over the country in all directions prove as frequent and disastrous for a twelve month to come as they have during the last eighteen months, very many of the small Fire Insurance Companies, having their agents scattered throughout the west, must go to the wall, there is no salvation for them. If you would be safe, safe beyond peradventure, always insure with companies that are known to be sound. Such, and such only, are represented at

DIMOCK'S Insurance & Real Estate AGENCY.

ITS SUCCESS UNPARALLELED In the Annals of Insurance!



Cash Capital, \$400,000 00
Cash Assets, \$582,325 00

The Phenix Company

derives its entire title and attention to the business of

FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY,

and having a Cash Capital pledged solely for that purpose, is enabled to offer

SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES

to those desiring reliable indemnity, and for promptness for the settlement of losses, the

Phenix has no rival in America.

H. Kellogg, S. L. Loomis, President.

BRANCH OFFICE, No. 21 and 23 West Third Street, Cincinnati.

R. H. & H. M. MAGILL, Gen'l Agents.

THE HOME

New York City:

Cash Capital and Surplus,

\$2,500,000.00.

This Company has the largest Cash Capital of any in New York, and is especially one of the solid institutions of this country.

SOUND, ALWAYS.

THE INSURED PARTICIPATE

IN THE

Profits Without Liability.

THREE-FOURTHS

OF THE

PROFITS OF THE BUSINESS

DIVIDED ANNUALLY

TO

POLICY-HOLDERS.



18 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital, \$500,000 00

Assets, July 1, 1860, 993,908 98

Liabilities, 14,132 43

The attention of the community is respectfully called to the following features in connection with this Company:

First—By insuring in this company, the advantages of a Mutual Insurance Company are obtained, with the additional advantage afforded in the security given by an ample and reliable Cash Capital—a feature not presented by ordinary Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. The dividends to customers, already declared, are as follows:

1st Division to Policy-Holders, 1857, 334,324 24

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A correspondent of the New York World writing from Baltimore says that the disunion outcry has been got up to cover up the bankruptcy of the south. It has long been known in financial circles that the cotton and sugar states have been overtrading, and that a crisis in their money affairs was impending. They have been prosperous for a few years past. Their products have been abundant and have sold for a high price; and, like the northwest, in 1857, they have launched into all kinds of extravagances in living, and in the purchase of lands and stocking plantations. If there had been no secession talked of their banks and business men would have been hard pressed; but putting both causes together nothing can now save them from bankruptcy. Hence their loud talk about dissolving the union is a pretext for not paying their debts. Their banks and business men will not pay, and this, to a certain extent, will affect the north and the west. In the northern and eastern cities, there are merchants and manufacturers who have preferred the southern trade, and have identified themselves in the late political campaign with the fusion movement, to defeat Mr. Lincoln. They are the principal sufferers by the present financial revolution in the south, and will receive very little sympathy from any quarter.

In the west, some of our banks have given southern stocks as securities for their circulating notes. This is limited, however, almost entirely to Missouri and Virginia stocks—states which are not included among those who have overtraded. Missouri, especially, has been following in the wake of the northwestern states, and has steadily improved her condition by restricting her trade with the east, and by the sale of her slaves to the farther south. The stocks of that state are, therefore, better to-day than at any time within the last five years, because her wealth is greater and her indebtedness is less.

It is evident that the disturbance in the money market of the south can have but a limited influence in the north and west, where there has been a curtailment of indebtedness. In the northwest we have an overflowing amount of produce going forward to pay indebtedness, while the northern and eastern cities are receiving gold and silver from California and Europe. There is no drain of the precious metals there, and there is none here. Our exchange rates high here, simply because currency is too abundant, and because some of it is of the wild-cat order. That is the whole cause of the trouble here, and the howl about disunion has nothing to do with it. Neither has the price of wheat been affected by this cause; wheat is lower now because navigation is about closing and what is bought hereafter must go all the way by rail to New York city.

THE OHIO STATE GUARD PROFFER THEIR SERVICES FOR THE FOURTH OF MARCH.—The Cincinnati Gazette has information from Athens, Ohio, that at an informal meeting of the commissioned officers of the Ohio state guard and Athens light artillery, held at the armory, on Thursday last, they were unanimously agreed to tender to Abraham Lincoln any assistance necessary to insure his inauguration as President on the fourth of March. The Albany (N. Y.) Burgesses corps have also resolved to visit Washington on that occasion.

A Lincoln voter at Fairfax court house, Va., was seized by a mob, on election day, carried into the woods, completely blacked with printer's ink, and then mounted on his horse for home. They thought it a capital joke to make a "Black Republican" of the man, but they may find that their outrage has made a dozen white republicans who will appear at the next election.

THE EFFECT.—At Ocoquan, Prince William county, Virginia, where a few months ago some hot-headed fellows cut down a republican flag-staff, Lincoln received 55 votes on Tuesday, Bell 48, Breckinridge 51, and Douglas 1.

HOW THE PRESIDENT IS ELECTED.—The successive steps in the election of president and vice-president of the United States are taken, according to existing laws, at the following dates:

1. By the act of congress of 1845 the electors for president and vice-president of the United States are appointed in each state on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.
2. By the act of 1792 these electors are to meet on the first Wednesday in December after, in their respective states, to cast their votes.
3. These votes, when cast, are to be certified by the electors and sealed up and sent to the president of the senate.
- On the second Wednesday in February after, the sealed certificates of the electors are to be broken open and the votes counted, and the result declared in the presence of congress.

FOR SALT RIVER.—The dug-out, chartered by the fusionists, starts to-morrow for the head of Salt River. The cabin boy was sent with \$25 this morning to buy the "small stores." He returned while the captain and mate were in the cabin taking a "smile," and the following colloquy took place:

Box.—Wall, Captain, I've come on board with the "small stores."

Captain.—What have you bought?

Box.—I spent twenty-four dollars for whisky and one dollar for bread.

Captain.—Thunder! What are we going to do with so much bread?—*Albany Journal, Friday.*

NEGROES—FALL IN PRICE.—The following negroes were sold at the court house door on last Tuesday: A boy 26 years old brought \$553; a boy five years old \$355; a woman 63 years old \$345; a woman and 3 children \$1,710.—*Washington (Ga.) Independent.*

PUNCH'S MENTAL PHILOSOPHY.—What is mind? No matter. What is matter? Never mind. What is the nature of the soul? It is immaterial.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

Snow fell quite profusely in London, Canada, on Tuesday last.

Americans are at a premium in Italy.—They meet with the most partial consideration by Garibaldi.

As the loser in a bet on the result of the election, Mr. W. A. Pearce, of Portland, Maine, a day or two ago, peddled forty bushels of charcoal through the streets of that city. He created great merriment by clearing his throat with the juice from a lemon, in imitation of his leader, Mr. Douglas.

Mrs. Stephen A. Douglas was so seriously hurt by the giving way of the deck of the steamer Virginia, at Montgomery, Alabama, that she had to remain for several days at the house of Col. Seibels, editor of the Confederation.

On Wednesday evening of last week, in Fayette county, Iowa, a daughter of Mr. Jacob Hoover poisoned herself by taking strychnine for what she supposed to be soda. Her age was about seventeen years.

The diphtheria has appeared in Terre Haute, Indiana, in a very malignant form. The Warren (O.) Chronicle says:—"We visited the Hoxie & Wilson oil well at Mecca, on Saturday. We saw the oil, (which was the product of eight hours' pumping), measured in a vat, and it was found to be twenty four barrels, of 40 gallons each, and a fraction; it being at the rate of 3 barrels an hour, or 72 barrels per day. As the oil sells at the well for 25 cents per gallon, at this rate the income of the well would be \$720 per day. This is as profitable as publishing a country newspaper."

AN OVERT ACT.—It is understood now what the chivalry mean by an overt act. It is to pelt a distinguished statesman and his lady with rotten eggs.

FRUITS OF THE SECESSION EXCITEMENT.—The Augusta (Georgia) Dispatch says:—"An insurrectionary plot was discovered on Tuesday morning among the negroes on the plantations of W. C. Cleveland, Harp, Simmons, Davison, Johnson and others, in Crawford county. A. V. Dreer and Cullin Davison, from Pennsylvania, the latter a school teacher, were the ringleaders. They have been arrested, and with forty negroes, are in jail."

The Commercial Bulletin says it is rumored that whalebone trees have been discovered in the vicinity of the celebrated oil springs in Pennsylvania. A chap has gone out there to start an umbrella factory, and expects to make a spread while the excitement reigns.

The Janesville Courier says:—"We are informed that Wm. Culbertson raised 1500 bushels of Irish potatoes, the past summer, on five acres of ground, on his farm five miles South of this city. This is certainly an enormous yield."

The Louisville Journal (Bell-Everett) says the most disagreeable "wire-work" that we have known anything about for a considerable time, was the telegraph dispatches after the elections of last week.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16. FROM WASHINGTON.—RENDER UP THE JAPANESE STEAMER.—The State Department has received advice from Minister Harris of the 5th of July. He states that the Japanese steamer Candimamurrah had arrived at Jeddo from San Francisco, and on the return voyage was navigated by Japanese alone. This, he says, is the first instance in which a vessel constructed solely by Asiatics has successfully crossed the great North Pacific Ocean, and strikingly proves the Japanese to be so capable of improvement that they might soon place themselves at the head of Oriental enterprise of all kinds, if allowed freely to cultivate the great powers they possess. The commander of the steamer, with two governors for foreign affairs, had called on Mr. Harris, and were directed to express to him His Majesty's sincere thanks for his friendly and cordial manner in which the commander and officers of his steamer were received by the authorities and people of San Francisco. They were directed to thank him particularly for the complete repairs of the steamer at Mare Island Navy Yard, and express the deep sense his Majesty entertained of the kindness and courtesy of Capt. Cunningham, commander of the yards.

The reports of the officers of the Candimamurrah and letters from the Embassy with full accounts of the reception at San Francisco and the kindness shown them by all classes of our people, have produced a lively sensation especially among the nobles heretofore opposed to the treaty with Yedo. One of the officers warmly remarked to Mr. Harris: "We did not believe you when you told us of the friendly feelings of your country for us, but we now see that all you said was true."

Mr. Harris is of the opinion that when the Ambassadors return to Japan and relate their reception by the president, repeat their large experience in the states, and when they state what they have seen of the greatness and prosperity of our country, it will have an important effect on the minds of the recalcitrant dukes and lead to a better state of feeling on their part towards us and towards the intercourse of foreign nations.

PEORIA, Nov. 16. Mr. W. C. Strickler, a news-dealer of this place, wheeled a barrel of apples from Kickapoo distant twelve miles to-day, in fulfillment of a wager made upon the result of the late election. He arrived at 3 o'clock, was met near the city by a large crowd with a band of music, and escorted to the wigwag, where speeches were made and a good time had. The apples will be sent to Abe Lincoln.

A MYSTERY.—We are informed that on Friday last a dog belonging to Mr. Robert Gibson, at Bay Settlement, and a hog, were seen devouring a human arm. The remains were taken from them and buried, and efforts were made, without success, to find where the dog got them. The next day the dog brought another portion of the body, when he was shut up, in order, if possible, to trace him to the body, on the day following. The result we have not heard.

THE GOVERNOR GOES TO PRESS.—We have received a note from H. V. Morrison, of the town of Scott, tending, in some degree, to clear up the mystery. On Tuesday evening the body of a man was found by a party on the Bay shore, two miles below the Red Banks. All the upper part of the body was missing. He had on a black overcoat, with long lap, a black cloth coat, satin pants, and a pair of new blue boots. On the neck taken from the dog was tattooed two-thirds of the way from the wrist to the elbow, with the picture of a schooner.—*Green Bay Advocate.*

This life's contradictions are many.—Salt water gives us fresh fish, and hot words produce coolness.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office in Union Passenger Depot.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17. A special dispatch from Washington says Mr. McLean, our minister to Mexico, has resigned, and Gov. Bigler of Pennsylvania appointed.

Senator Silldill expresses himself warmly in favor of secession. Advice from South Carolina to-day says the entire congressional delegation will resign.

LEAVENWORTH, Nov. 17. The Times of this city, publishes a letter from Linn, East Kansas, giving an account of a new outbreak in that region. At the date of the letter one man named Russell Hinds, after a trial by lynch law, had been hung, and others ordered to leave the territory. The cause of the outbreak was an alleged attempt at kidnapping and threatening towards free state men by Hinds and his associates.

FORT KEARNEY, Nov. 16. The pony express from San Francisco of Nov. 8th arrived here at half-past—bringing California dates via Fort Churchill by telegraph up to 10 P. M. of the night of the 8th. The pony express with St. Louis dates to 23d of Oct., arrived at San Francisco on the 5th and the express of Oct. 27th is telegraphed from Carson Valley to-day. The reports that southern states are preparing to dissolve the union on account of the election of Lincoln, produce little effect.

The election returns from the central counties foot up as follows:—Douglas, 13,385; Lincoln, 14,342; Breckinridge, 10,438; Bell, 2,626. The vote of the state will probably exceed 120,000. San Francisco gives Lincoln 3,000 majority. His majority is being gradually reduced as returns come in from the mountains, and there seems every probability that Douglas has carried the state. The peoples reform ticket in San Francisco has probably been elected.

LATER.—By telegraph to Fort Churchill:—SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17. Entire number of votes from the state, 76,720, Lincoln 27,050, Douglas 24,422, Breckinridge 20,308, Bell 4,662, Lincoln ahead of Douglas 2635. Lincoln's vote surprises all politicians, still Douglas' chances are considered the best. The legislature is probably Douglas, who has a majority over both Lincoln and Breckinridge in each house, and securing sufficient strength to elect a Douglas senator to succeed Gwin.

OREGON.—Accounts from Oregon are to the 1st of Nov. The prospect is fair for Lincoln to carry the state, great numbers of Douglas democrats having gone over to republicans, leaving the Breckinridge wing stronger than the Douglas party. In consequence of the late Indian massacre on the overland route, Capt. Dent of the 9th infantry had been ordered to take the field from Fort Wall with force of 100 infantry and dragoons who were on the march into the snake Indian territory.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 17. There is very little opposition to the secession movement by the people of this state, although the mass of them are unfavorable to and refuse to participate in it.

RICHMOND, Nov. 17. The election returns are still incomplete, but show that the contest has been very close. The Bell men are more confident to-day.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 17. Official returns from 16 counties in Florida, indicate that the majority for Breckinridge in the state will be about 3,000.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 17. There is more quiet in political circles to-day, but there is such unanimity of feeling existing among the people of the state as to make secession a fixed fact. Messrs. Orr and Perry and other Union men neither cooperate in or do not oppose the movement. Meetings are being held in all the districts and parishes of the state, and all favor secession.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 18. Tombs has not yet resigned, but he will do so on the 3d of March, unless Georgia secedes.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Nov. 18. Affairs are much quieter since Wednesday night. Mr. Stephens made a great speech, taking strong conservative grounds. He proved as oil on the troubled waters, and all parties are now disposed to act coolly and considerately. To-day the convention bill passed the Senate, unanimously. Election of delegates takes place on the 2d of January, and the convention meets on Wednesday following. The preamble of the convention bill reads as follows: "Whereas, the present crisis in national affairs, in the judgment of the general assembly demands resistance; and whereas, it is the privilege of the people to determine the mode and measure of time of such resistance, therefore the general assembly enacts that the Governor issue his proclamation ordering the election on the 9th of January." The first, second and third sections of the bill refer to the time of election, the meeting of the convention, and the mode of electing delegates to which each county is entitled. The fourth section reads that said convention shall assemble may consider all grievances impairing or affecting the equality of rights of the people of Georgia as members of the United States, and determine the mode, measure and time of address.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 18. The bill appropriating \$1,000,000 to arm and equip Georgia with a complete army. The Florida legislature at its last session, passed a resolution pronouncing declaration in case of the election of a republican president, requiring the governor to convene the legislature. The Jacksonville Standard and other papers urge compliance. Advice from Arizona, mention the discovery of very rich gold mines near Silverton. Parties were rushing from \$4,000 to \$5,000 per day. Official dispatches from Gov. Owen concerning these mines are en route to Washington.

Despatches from Charleston, announce the resignation of Mr. Bonham, M. C.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19. The Times Washington correspondent says information is received here that Ex-Gov. A. Atkin, delegates from New Mexico, has written home advising his constituents to connect their destiny with the Pacific states should the Union be dissolved.

Californians in Washington, declare their purpose of advocating an independent republic on the Pacific side.

Mr. Floyd, secretary of war, has expressed the determination to hand over forts and arsenals in South Carolina (west) to his successor on the fourth of March. Any attempt therefore to seize by the secessionists, as suggested by Mr. Rhett, would inevitably lead to serious consequences.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18. The steamship Vanderbilt from Southampton 7th arrived at noon. Admiral Napier is dead. The Piedmontese under Victor Emmanuel gained a brilliant victory on the 3d, on the Gargyano. They attacked in front with troops flanked by the fleet and dispersed the Bourbon army. Tents, wagons and stores were left in Victor Emmanuel's possession with 11,000 prisoners. Gen. Sornaz pursued the enemy afterwards and recaptured Villa and positions commanding Gaeta. Victor Emmanuel was expected at

Naples immediately. Garibaldi was at Naples. Anarchy reigns at Verbio. The voting on an election commenced at Perugia. The inhabitants of Verbio hastened to vote notwithstanding the French occupy and pontifical gendarmes. A large body of troops remaining outside the fortress at Gaeta have sent a proposal of surrender to the Piedmontese.

Liverpool, Wednesday.—Breadstuffs quiet. R. S. & Co. quote flour easier and unchanged. Wheat 1a2 d. lower.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 19. Flour dull and lower with downward tendency. Wheat—the N. Y. market this noon reported another decline of 2a2, representing the market very dull and wheat unsaleable. Currency remains still close and the banks now will not accept Illinois currency excepting at discount of 3 per cent. Upon receipt of New York news prices here declined 2a2c, at the close the market was dull and quiet with no offers above 70 for No. 2 and 72 for No. 1 in store.

THE REIGN OF TERROR.—The steamer Alabama, which arrived here on Tuesday from Savannah, brought about 24 cabin passengers, one-half of whom were banished from that city because of their northern birth. One of these persons, John Devine, has called upon us, and from him we gather some facts in relation to this new phase of the Reign of Terror. Mr. Devine was in the employ of Harnden & Co. expressmen, in Savannah, and received, on Saturday morning, a notice that he must leave the city immediately. A notice was served, at the same time, upon Mr. Coe, an employee in the same office; that he also must leave. Explanations were useless; the assurance of both men that they had in no way interfered with southern institutions, and had no intention of doing so, were not listened to for a moment, and they were threatened with immediate death unless they departed at once. As no alternative, therefore, was left them but either to face death or leave, they left in the afternoon of the same day. Their only fault was that they were northern men. Devine being a native of Philadelphia, and Coe of one of the eastern states. The man who was most instrumental in their banishment, was one James White, master of transportation on the Georgia Central Railroad. This White is himself a northern man, but having lived for some years in Georgia, and become a slaveholder, he is so far trusted as to be permitted to prove his faithfulness by such villainous services as these. Three of the passengers on the Alabama, were a major, an aide and his daughter, who had resided in Augusta for several years. This gentleman is a physician, and the lady and her son were raised against him by one of whom he endeavored to collect a debt. This method of settling pecuniary claims is a favorite one in Augusta, as our readers will remember. This gentleman barely escaped with his life, and neither he nor his family were permitted to bring away anything but the clothes on their backs. Another of the passengers was from Lexington, Georgia, but all except these four, were from Savannah, and all were banished, without any other reason given than that of northern birth.—*New York Tribune.*

PUMPKIN PIE.—A correspondent of the Genesee Farmer writes:—"My wife believes that she has discovered a new method of making pumpkin pies which has many advantages. Instead of stewing the pumpkin, bake it in large pieces with the skin on, in the stove oven; then scoop out the pumpkin, and treat it as if stewed. The labor and care is very much diminished, and the pie improved in quality."

CLOSE VOTING.—The election of the members of the senate, which give the republicans a majority in that body, was secured by a majority. One of the members in Madison county elected to the house is chosen by 15, and the other by 95 majority. The Wayne member is secured by 15 majority, and the republicans lose a member in Sangamon by 25 and two in Morgan by less than 100 votes each.—*Chicago Journal.*

MR. RAREY, the horse tamer, is on his way home from Europe. The World advises him to try his system on some of the vicious political animals in this country. It says:—"The spectacle of a kicking, plunging, squealing secessionist, bursting with flaming nostrils, into the arena, emitting blue fire, statistics, bowie-knives, gunpowder and chain lightning, and the same animal, after the gentle Raieyesque manipulations, laid demurely about the ring with a copy of Sumner's speech in his mouth, and a wide-awake, in full uniform, upon his back, reading Central letters and entering into such an accomplishment a triumph, which even the eminent subjugator of Cruiser need not disdain."

There is a printer at Lexington, Mo., who is haunted by Stephen A. Douglas. He says that when he attempts to set type, Douglas rolls his eyeballs so that he cannot see the case. He was taken before the county court, and the jury pronounced him insane. It's a great pity. He has no need to be afraid of Mr. Douglas now.

Naomi, the daughter of Noah, was five hundred and sixty years old, when she was married. Courage, ladies!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Millers.

ESTABLISHED 1839

SALT RIVER

BOURBON

WHISKY

DISTILLERIES

ADDRESS, S. T. SUIT

DISTILLER

JEFFERSON, CO. KY.

For Sale or To Rent.

A BEAUTIFUL BRICK COTTAGE

Apply to

H. E. BUNSTER.

GREAT PANIC

IN THE

DRY GOODS TRADE

In the Eastern Cities,

AND IMMENSE ARRIVALS OF

MERCHANDIZE!

in the past ten days, and more on the road, at the

New York Cash Store

FOR THE

FALL AND WINTER TRADE

OF

1860 and 1861.

The Cash System Triumphant!

The New York Cash Store Still Ahead.

THE LARGEST STOCK

now arriving ever received by

THIS OR ANY OTHER

establishment in this city.

IN QUALITY, STYLE AND RICHNESS OF

GOODS

We Defy all Competition.

We have been receiving in the last ten days the

Largest Stock of Merchandize

ever before received by

Any One Establishment in this City,

which we propose to sell a large share of in the next 80

CASH ONLY!

At Prices that will defy all Competition

in this country. Our stock has all been purchased in the

PAST TWO WEEKS

direct from the

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS

and

LARGE AUCTION SALES

by the

PACKAGE AND CASE,

and will be sold as low as goods are generally

Jobbed for in New York.

Janesville, Nov. 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

Great Reduction in the Price

OF

Fancy Dress Silks.

WE have now the largest stock of Dress Silks in this city, which we will sell fully

THIRTY PER CENT

below the usual prices. We invite the particular

attention of the ladies to these goods. M. C. SMITH.

Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

French Merino.

A SPLENDID stock of Plain and Figured French

Merinos, also some beautiful.

Rep. Plain and Striped Merinos,

something entirely new, and splendid goods, just

received at the NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Janesville, Nov. 19th, 1860.

BROCHA SHAWLS.

WE have just received some of the most magni-

ficient styles in this state. Also, a large lot of low priced

some splendid styles of these goods; also a very large lot

Double Wool Shawls,

which we are selling fully

25 PER CENT LESS

than they are worth. Also,

SILK AND WOOL SHAWLS,

some splendid styles. M. C. SMITH.

Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

LADIES' FURS.

A SPLENDID assortment of these goods just received,

and which we are selling very cheap.

November 19th, 1860. M. C. SMITH.

Alexander's Kid Gloves.

JUST received, a fine assortment, at the

Nov. 19, 1860. NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Hosiery & Gloves.

A SPLENDID line of Hosiery and Gloves now on

sale at the NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Janesville, November 19th, 1860.

VELVET RIBBONS.

2,000

PIECES of Black Velvet Ribbons

WARRANTED ALL SILK,

which is of a quality very scarce to be found in this city

just received and selling by the piece at very

LOW PRICES.

We warrant these goods all silk or no sale. Also, a

splendid line of

BONNET RIBBONS,

selling very cheap below regular prices at the

November 19, NEW YORK CASH STORE.

Crockery & Glass Ware.

JUST arrived, a very large stock of Crockery and

Glass Ware of

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Relief of Kansas.

Mr. S. M. Macoon, formerly a resident of Green county in this state, but now a resident of Kansas, is now in this city, as an accredited agent for obtaining relief for the suffering inhabitants of Kansas. After a long series of sufferings, for opinion's sake, they are now threatened with the horrors of famine. An organized effort is now making for the relief they so perishingly need, and Mr. Macoon is one of the agents employed in obtaining this relief. He is a brother-in-law of Henry S. Shelton of this city, and exhibits unquestioned evidence of his authority to act in the capacity assigned to him. He was first appointed local agent by the people of Ozark township, Anderson county, for which he has the certificate of the judge and the seal of the probate court of the county of Anderson, but has, since the adoption of a more extended system of operations, been delegated as a general agent by Mr. J. F. Army of Chicago whose previous connection with Kansas relief measures is well known.

Mr. Macoon will receive anything necessary to the comfort or sustenance of individuals or families. Goods (clothing particularly) is desirable and necessary, or provisions will be deposited at the depot of the Chicago and North-Western railway, and money may be left with H. S. Shelton, to be forwarded to Mr. Army, at Chicago, who has already advanced \$400 of his own money for freight sent into the territory.

The details of the relief organization we have published in our telegraphic despatches. The present effort is a part of the measures instituted. We hope there will be such a response from this vicinity as will show that an appeal to the benevolent feelings of the heart is not made in vain.

The Chicago Tribune says in relation to the general plan of operations:

"Transshipments of freight being necessary at the Illinois, Mississippi and Missouri rivers, everything must be sent forward in bags. The committees and agents in the states who receive donations of grain, are requested, as far as possible, to take up subscription in their town, to buy sacks to put it in. Those who have not means to furnish sacks are requested to inform Mr. Army, at Chicago, and he will, as soon as possible, furnish them.

"Those who desire to make donations of potatoes, are requested to sell them and invest the proceeds in corn or wheat, and make their donations in that shape. The cost of transporting potatoes is so much greater, in proportion to their nutritious quality, than grain, that this course is advised. Next spring potatoes for seed will be indispensable to the people of Kansas; and it is a question of food—of living or starving—and what relief is given should be converted into those articles that will go the furthest in sustaining life."

Goods entrusted to the care of Mr. Macoon will be forwarded the 30th inst. Whatever is contributed should be given promptly.

COMMON COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the Common Council was held Friday evening, which we forgot, and consequently failed to report in full. Much of the proceedings were not of special interest.

Alderman Bates introduced an order, which was unanimously adopted, instructing the city attorney to prosecute all violators of the law prohibiting the sale or giving away of liquors on the Sabbath, and all violators of the ordinance forbidding the crossing of the bridges faster than a walk.

LADIES' FESTIVAL.—The ladies connected with the Congregational Church and society of this city propose holding a Festival at Lippin's Hall on Thursday evening, Nov. 22d. Full particulars will appear in an advertisement to-morrow.

LADIES' FESTIVAL.—The ladies of Trinity Church will have a Festival, to be held in the vacant store of the Hyatt House, formerly occupied by Mervin & Co., on Wednesday evening, the 21st inst., the proceeds of which to be appropriated towards furnishing the chance of said Church.

FIVE PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH ON THE PRAIRIES.—The Story County (Iowa) Advocate, of the 1st inst., states that Dan'l Swearingen, with his wife and four children, recently from Tascara County, O., while on their way from Nevada to their farm near Fort Dodge, were overtaken by fire on the prairie. It says:

"Before any measure could be taken for protection, the wagon cover was in flames. In a moment the bedding and other inflammable material in the wagon was on fire, and before Mr. S. could make his way out of the wagon through the flames, his clothing was on fire. Unfortunately as he fell out of the wagon, he was killed by one of the horses, and for a time stanned beyond ability to help the others. He survived in time to see his wife fall from the wagon, burned to death, and to drag from the flames one of his children, already dead. His own clothing was burned entirely from his body, and he is severely burned, especially on the head, face and hands. He is at present sightless, but hopes are entertained of his recovery, and that his eyesight will be restored. Two of the children were literally burned to death. Of one, nothing could be found but the skull, the other was a charred mass, in which there was no trace of humanity left."

DEATH OF THE MAN WHO "STRUCK BILLY PATTERSON".—The Boston Courier relates the following story of Ephraim L. Snow, who died in New York on the 23d ult. The question, "who struck Billy Patterson?" is now solved:

Mr. Snow was formerly a well-known citizen of Boston, and took a lively interest in the old volunteer fire department. He was a very tall man, and connected with that fact was an amusing incident. One broad street riot. There had been a good many broken heads at and about the foot of Summer street, and while "Larkin" was standing among a group of firemen, a thick-set, but very short Milesian rushed up in his shirt-sleeves, and in a great rage, called out, "Where's the man that struck Billy Patterson?" "Larkin," whose hand was as firm as iron, replied, "I struck him." Pat looked up at him with mingled awe and admiration, and quietly remarked, "Faith, it's a handsome man, ye are of yer kind. Give us your hand."

From this incident originated all the jokes about Billy Patterson.

COMPLETED.—The Chicago post office, which has been in process of erection several years, and is a magnificent work of art, is now completed.

ELECTION RETURNS FOR WISCONSIN.

We give herewith returns as far as received in this state—those marked (*) being official:

	Lincoln.	Douglas.
Adams.....	554	
Bad Awe.....	600	
*Brown.....	378	
Calomet.....	125	
Chippewa.....	15	
Clark.....	64	
*Columbia.....	1758	
*Crawford.....		4
*Dane.....	625	
*Dodge.....		58
*Fond du Lac.....	1103	
Grant.....	1600	
Green.....	1052	
Green Lake.....	1249	
Iowa.....	340	
Jackson.....	300	
*Jefferson.....	350	
*Juneau.....	294	
Kewaunee.....	725	360
*La Crosse.....	712	
Lafayette.....		229
*Manitowoc.....	150	
*Milwaukee.....	1897	
*Marquette.....	26	
*Monroe.....	598	262
Ottawa.....	200	
*Oconto.....	251	
*Ozaukee.....	226	1092
Pierce.....	65	
Polk.....	400	
Portage.....	400	
*Racine.....	984	
*Rock.....	3282	
Richland.....	365	
*Sauk.....	1324	
Shawano.....	48	
*Shelburne.....	552	
*St. Croix.....	65	
Trempealeau.....	300	
*Walworth.....	2370	8185
*Washington.....		
*Waushara.....	450	
Waupaca.....	765	
*Waushara.....	1129	
Winnebago.....	1286	
Wood.....	8	
	26,419	6,351
	6,351	
Maj. thus far,	20,068	

Early Rising.—Miss Martineau is a great advocate of getting up early in the morning. She says:

"I speak from experience here. For thirty years my business has lain in my study. The practice of early rising was, I am confident, the preservation of health through many years of hard work—the hours gained being given not to book or pen, but to activity. I rose at six, summer and winter, and (after cold bathing) went out for a walk in all weathers. In the cold season, on the rainiest morning, I never returned without being glad that I went. I need not detail the pleasures of the summer mornings. In winter, there was either a fragrant of gibbous moon hanging over the mountain, or a star quivering in the river, or icicles beginning to shine in the dawn, or at worst, some break in the clouds, some moss on the wall, some gleam on the water, which I carried home in the shape of refreshment. I breakfasted at 7, and had settled the household business and was at my work by 8, fortified for seven hours continued desk-work without injury or fatigue."

"Ah, me!" said a pious lady, "our minister was a very powerful preacher, for the short time he administered the word of God among us, he kicked three pulpit pieces, and banged the in-ards out of five Bibles."

TO RENT.—A good Dwelling House convenient to the business part of the city, a good barn on the premises. Apply at the N. & M. Railroad office. W. B. STONE.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by BUMP & GRAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, November 19, 1860. The wheat market closed this morning firm at Saturday's full prices, and with light receipts, and a good milling demand, continued firm until about one o'clock when steamer's news was received showing a decline of 8c on wheat in foreign markets, then buyers held back, and prices declined 20c per bushel, closing quiet at \$6.70 for milling spring, and \$6.40 for dry shipping. Other stuff remains at previous rates.

WHEAT—good to choice milling spring 67c; fair to good dry shipping 65c; damp and grown 55c; OATS—rather dull at 15c per bushel.

RYE—in request at 55c per 60 lbs. CORN—old shelled 30c per 60 lbs. New in ear 12c per 60 lbs.

BARLEY—prime samples 67c; 60c per 50 lbs, common quality 65c. TIMOTHY SEED—in good demand at 1.00 per 50 lbs.

DRESSED HOGS—heavy to extra heavy 5.00c; 5.75 per 100 lbs, light 5.25c. BUTTER—plenty at 15c for good to choice quality.

EGGS—scarcely at 11c per dozen. HOGS—Green, 60c; Dry, 50c; 55c. FLOUR—spring at 5.50, per 100 lbs. SPOULTRY—dressed, turkeys, 15c; chickens, 12c. SHEEP PELTS—range from 25c to 1.00 each.

Chicago Market.

Saturday evening, November 17. Wheat flat and declined 20c per bushel, northwest corn 10c, No 1 spring 11c. Hour wheat, Genl declined and barley and rye neglected. Pork 5.75c; 50c, and lard. Bankers sell exchange sparingly to customers at 5 per cent, and to outsiders at 5 1/2 per cent.

WATCHES, JEWELRY,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

CLOCKS!

FANCY GOODS!

MEERSCHAUM PIPES,

Cigar Holders, &c.

A FRESH arrival of the above goods, embracing all the latest styles and patterns

MAY NOW BE SEEN AT THE

Jewelry Store

OF

WEBB & LEE,

Which have been selected with the

GREATEST CARE

direct from the

IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,

By Themselves.

Please Call & Examine the new Styles.

WEBB & LEE,

Lippin's Block, Janesville.

Should the terrible conflagrations that are sweeping over the country in all directions prove as frequent and disastrous for a twelve month to come as they have during the last eighteen months, very many of the small Fire Insurance Companies, having their agents scattered throughout the west, must go to the wall, there is no salvation for them. If you would be safe, safe beyond peradventure, always insure with companies that are known to be sound. Such, and such only, are represented at

DIMOCK'S Insurance & Real Estate AGENCY.

ITS SUCCESS UNPARALLELED In the Annals of Insurance!



Cash Capital, \$400,000 00
Cash Assets, \$582,325 00

The Phoenix Company

devotes its entire time and attention to the business of

FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY,

and having a Cash Capital pledged solely for that purpose, is enabled to offer

SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES

to those desiring reliable insurance and for promptness in the settlement of losses, the

Phoenix has no rival in America.

H. Kellogg, Secretary. S. L. Loomis, President.

BRANCH OFFICE.
No. 31 and 33 West Third Street, Cincinnati.
R. H. & H. M. MAULL, Genl Agents.

THE HOME

New York City.

Cash Capital and Surplus,

\$1,500,000.00.

This Company has the largest Cash Capital of any in New York, and is exceptionally one of the Solid Institutions of this Country.

SOUND, ALWAYS.

THE INSURED PARTICIPATE

IN THE

Profits Without Liability.

THREE-FOURTHS

OF THE

PROFITS OF THE BUSINESS

DIVIDED ANNUALLY

TO

POLICY-HOLDERS.

CONTINENTAL

INSURANCE CO.

15 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital, \$500,000 00

Assets, July 1, 1860, 993,208 28

Liabilities, 14,732 43

The attention of the community is respectfully called to the following features in connection with this Company:

First—By insuring in this company, the advantages of a Mutual Insurance Company are obtained, with the additional advantage afforded in the security given by an ample and reliable Cash Capital—a feature not presented by ordinary Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. The dividends to customers, already declared, are as follows:

1st Division to Policy-Holders, 1857, 394 26t

2d " " " 1858, 80

3d " " " 1859, 50

4th " " " 1860, 45

Second—The security given, which is already large, will constantly increase with each year of successful operation, this is exhibited clearly in the following statement, showing the position of the company in each year since the new system was adopted.

1858, No. 1st of the Company, \$570,000 00

" 1859, " " " 640,710 64

" 1860, " " " 731,000 00

" 1861, " " " 800,000 00

" 1862, " " " 800,000 00

" 1863, " " " 800,000 00

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" 1932, " " " 800,000 00

" 1933, " " " 800,000 00

" 1934, " " " 800,000 00

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Treasurer of the City of Jacksonville, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, will apply to the circuit court of said county at the next term thereof, appointed to be held at the Court House in the city of Jacksonville in said county of Rock, on the Fourth Monday of November instant, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as he can be heard, for judgment against the lands, lots and parcels of land hereinafter described, for the amount of the taxes assessed, interest, costs and charges, respectively due thereon for the year 1860. That said taxes and assessments were levied for city expenses and purposes exclusively. That the following is a list of the amount of taxes assessed the lands, lots and parcels of lands on which the same were assessed and the persons to whom assessed respectively. That said taxes have not been paid and the undersigned has been unable to collect the same.

GEORGE A. YOUNG,
City Treasurer.

Dated Jacksonville, Nov. 16, 1860.

Returning Lands in the City of Jacksonville.

Wm. Whitcomb, w. h. c. of q. of w. c. Sec. 2, 3, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 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